

# The China Mail.

Established February, 1845.

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號三月一十年七十八百八千一英

HONGKONG, THURSDAY, NOVEMBER 3, 1887.

八月九年亥

PRICE, \$2 PER MONTH.

AGENTS FOR THE CHINA MAIL.

LONDON.—F. ALAN, 11 & 12, Clement's Lane, Lombard Street, E. C. GEORGE STREET & CO., 30, Cornhill, GORDON & GOTCH, Ludgate Circus, E. C. BATT, HENRY & CO., 37, Walbrook, E. C. SAMUEL DRAGON & CO., 150 & 154, Leadenhall Street, W. M. WILLS, 151, Cannon Street, E. C.

PARIS AND EUROPE.—ANDREE PRINCE & CO., 36, Rue Lafayette, Paris.

NEW YORK.—ANDREW WIND, 21, Park Row.

SAN FRANCISCO and American Posts generally.—BEAN & BLACK, San Francisco.

AUSTRALIA, TASMANIA, AND NEW ZEALAND.—GORDON & GOTCH, Melbourne and Sydney.

CYPRUS.—W. M. SMITH & CO., THE APOTHECARY CO., Colombo.

SINGAPORE, STRAITS, & CA.—SAVAGE & CO., Square, Singapore. C. HEINSEN & CO., Manila.

CHINA.—MACAO, F. A. DE CRUZ, S. S. T. GIBSON & CO., AMoy, N. MOALLE, Foochow, HEDGE & CO., Shanghai, LANE, CRAWFORD & CO., and KELLY & WILSH, Yokohama, LANE, CRAWFORD & CO., and KELLY & CO.

## Banks.

### NOTICE.

RULES OF THE HONGKONG SAVINGS' BANK.

1.—The business of the above Bank will be conducted by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, on their premises in Hongkong. Business hours on week-days, 10 to 3; Saturdays, 10 to 1.

2.—Sums less than \$1, or more than \$250, no one time will not be received. No depositor may deposit more than \$2,500 in any one year.

3.—Depositors in the Savings' Bank having \$100 or more at their credit may at their option transfer the same to the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation on fixed deposit for 12 months at 5 per cent. per annum interest.

4.—Interest at the rate of 3½ per cent. per annum will be allowed to depositors on their daily balances.

5.—Each Depositor will be supplied gratis with a Pass-Book which must be presented with each deposit or withdrawal. Depositors must not make any entries themselves in their Pass-Books but should send them to be written up at least twice a year, about the beginning of January and beginning of July.

6.—Correspondence as to the business of the Bank, if marked On Hongkong Savings' Bank Business is forwarded free by the various British Post Offices in Hongkong and China.

7.—Withdrawals may be made on demand, but the personal attendance of the depositor or his duly appointed agent, and the production of his Pass-Book are necessary.

For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION, T. JACKSON, Chief Manager.

Hongkong, September 1, 1887. 754

HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

PAID-UP CAPITAL, \$7,500,000  
RESERVE FUND, \$3,900,000  
RESERVE LIABILITY OF PRO-  
PRIETORS, \$7,500,000

COURT OF DIRECTORS.  
Chairman, O. D. BOTTOMLEY, Esq.  
Deputy Chairman, Hon. J. BELL IRVING.  
W. F. E. DAWB, Esq., Hon. A. P. MOEVEN.  
H. L. DALEYFILLE, Esq., S. C. MICHAELSEN,  
Esq.,  
W. H. FORBES, Esq., J. S. MOSES, Esq.,  
H. HORNER, Esq., Hon. F. D. SASSON.

Chief Manager.  
Hongkong, Thomas JACKSON, Esq.  
Manager.  
Shanghai, Ewen CAMERON, Esq.  
London BAKERS.—London and County Bank.

HONGKONG.  
INTEREST ALLOWED.

ON Current Deposit Account at the rate of 2 per cent. per annum on the daily balance.

On Fixed Deposits.—  
For 3 months, 3 per cent. per annum.  
" 6 " 4 per cent. "  
" 12 " 5 per cent. "

LOCAL BILLS DISCOUNTED.

Credits granted on approved Securities, and every description of Banking and Exchange business transacted.

Deposits granted on London, and the chief Commercial places in Europe, India, Australia, America, China and Japan.

T. JACKSON,

Chief Manager.

Hongkong, September 20, 1887. 363

## Intimations.

### NOTICE.

HER MOST GRACIOUS MAJESTY'S JUBILEE.

I having been decided to CELEBRATE HER MAJESTY'S JUBILEE on WEDNESDAY and THURSDAY, the 9th and 10th November, all MEMBERS of the COMMUNITY are INVITED to Co-operate with the JUBILEE COMMITTEE by ILLUMINATING their OFFICES and PRIVATE RESIDENCES.

By Order,  
J. H. STEWART-LOCKHART,  
Honorary Secretary.

Hongkong, September 15, 1887. 1796

## NOTICE.

### JUBILEE BALL.

GENTLEMEN SUBSCRIBERS to the JUBILEE FUND of FIVE DOLLARS (\$5) and upwards may obtain Tickets for the Jubilee Ball on application to the Undersigned.

By Order,  
J. H. STEWART-LOCKHART,  
Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, October 26, 1887. 2088

## Intimations.

### JUBILEE CELEBRATIONS.

#### PROGRAMME:

8 A.M.—TOWN and SHIPPING to be DECORATED and DRESSED.

11 A.M.—RECEPTION by HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR at GOVERNMENT HOUSE.

12 A.M.—ROYAL SALUTE.

9 P.M.—MILITARY REVIEW.

9 P.M.—GENERAL ILLUMINATION of the CITY and SHIPPING.

9 P.M.—EUROPEAN FIREWORKS in the Harbour opposite the Cricket Ground and opposite P. & O. S. S. Office, and CHINESE FIREWORKS on the Parade Ground, and near the Praya de Wan Chai and near the Sailor's Home.

### SECOND DAY.

Decorations and Illuminations as on the 1st day.

3 P.M.—UNVEILING of the STATUE of Sir ARTHUR KENNEDY by HIS EXCELLENCY the GOVERNOR in the Public Gardens.

9 P.M.—JUBILEE BALL, City Hall.

There will be a CHINESE PROCESSION on both DAYS and NIGHTS, the route and hour to be published shortly.

J. H. STEWART-LOCKHART,  
Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, November 2, 1887. 2150

HONGKONG PUBLIC SCHOOL.

WING to an outbreak of Measles in the Head Master's House, the above School is CLOSED.

Due Notice will be given of the date of Re-assembling.

Hongkong, November 1, 1887. 2137

### NOTICE.

THE Undersigned hereby gives Notice that all Accounts due in respect of the Butchery Business carried on in her name at Shanghai will from this date be collected by Mr. V. VIZENOVICH, who alone is authorized to give receipts for the same.

JAVINIA HOPKINS.

Shanghai, 29th March, 1887. 2133

### NOTICE.

THE Undersigned begs to inform her numerous Customers and the General Public of HONGKONG and OUR POST RESIDENTS, that she is prepared to SUPPLY FRESH MEAT, VEGETABLES, GAME, BROWNS, GAME PIES, PORK SAUSAGES, &c., &c.

All Orders will be prompt and careful attention.

JAVINIA HOPKINS,  
Corner of Ningpo & Szuehuan Roads,  
SHANGHAI.

Shanghai, 1st November, 1887. 2134

CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE,  
LIMITED.

NOTICE TO CONTRIBUTORS.

A Final BONUS of FIVE PER CENT. upon Contributions for the year 1886 has this Day been declared.

WARRANTS may be had on application at the above Office on and after TUESDAY, the 1st Proximo.

JARDINE, MATHESON & CO.,  
General Agents,  
CANTON INSURANCE OFFICE, LIMITED.

Hongkong, October 29, 1887. 2118

ROBES ET CONFECTIONS

FRENCH DRESS-MAKER.

MRS. G. HEYMANS,

36, WELLINGTON STREET,

HONGKONG.

THE ONLY FRENCH DRESS-MAKER

IN HONGKONG.

DIPLOMA IN PARIS IN 1884.

Hongkong, October 1, 1887. 1925

A. S. WATSON & CO.,  
LIMITED.

AN INTERIM DIVIDEND on Account of the 9th Day of \$3 DOLLARS per Share in the Capital of the Company will be Payable at the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANK on and after the 5th Proximo, both WARRANTS to be obtained of the Undersigned.

The REGISTER of SHARES will be CLOSED from FRIDAY, the 28th Instant, till SATURDAY, the 5th Proximo, both days inclusive, during which period no Transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order,

H. A. WOOLNOUGH,  
Secretary.

Hongkong, October 27, 1887. 2093

UNION INSURANCE SOCIETY OF CANTON, LIMITED.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

A Second BONUS of FIVE PER CENT. on

Contributions and a DIVIDEND of

Six DOLLARS and Fifty CENTS per Share for the year 1886 will be Payable on FRIDAY, the 28th Instant.

WARRANTS may be had on application at the OFFICE of the Society on and after that date.

By Order of the Board,

DOUGLAS JONES,  
Acting Secretary.

Hongkong, October 27, 1887. 2102

## Business Notices.

### LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

#### THE NEW STOCK OF

#### CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR CARDS

Has now arrived and consists of

THE LATEST ART PRODUCTION.

INCL.—

PHANG'S HAND-PAINTED CARDS made up in a variety of Pretty and Useful FORMS—FLORAL WALL and TABLE PICTURES, LETTER RACKS, BLOTTING CASES, NOTE BOOKS, FLORAL ALBUMS, PORTFOLIOS, SATIN-PAINTED SCENT SACHETS.

CHRISTMAS ART NOVELTIES AND NEW METALLINE MOUNTS.

Also,

HANDSOME BIRTHDAY CARDS.

EACH CARD HAS A SUITABLE ENVELOPE AND WRAP.

LANE, CRAWFORD & CO.

Hongkong, October 24, 1887. 2067

### STAG HOTEL,

QUEEN'S ROAD, CENTRAL, HONGKONG.

J. COOK, Proprietor.

THE HOTEL IS CENTRALLY SITUATED AND WITHIN A FEW MINUTES' WALK FROM THE PRINCIPAL LANDING PLACES.

#### GOOD ACCOMMODATION FOR VISITORS.

CHARGES MODERATE.

TIFFIN at 1 o'clock. DINNER at 7.30.

WELL VENTILATED BILLIARD ROOM.

#### TIFFIN 50 CENTS. DINNER 75 CENTS.

WINE, SPIRITS and MALT LIQUORS OF THE VERY BEST QUANTITY ONLY.

Hongkong, April 1, 1887. 607

### victoria Hotel,

Praya and Queen's Road Central, Hongkong.

ADAMSON, BELL & CO.

Hongkong, October 21, 1887. 2048

### ROBERT LANG & CO.,

Tailors, Hatters, Shirtmakers & General Clothiers,

QUEEN'S ROAD (OPPOSITE HONGKONG HOTEL).

(—)

## THE CHINA MAIL.

## NOTICES TO CONSIGNEES.

NORDDEUTSCHE LLOYD.  
NOTICE TO CONSIGNEES.  
STEAMSHIP PREUSSEN,  
FROM BREMEN AND PORTS  
OF CALL.

THE above-named Steamer having arrived, Consignees of Cargo are hereby informed that their Goods, with the exception of Opium, Treasure and Valuables, are being landed and stored at their risk into the Godowns of the HONGKONG and KOWLOON WHARF AND GODOWN COMPANY, LTD., Kowloon, whence delivery may be obtained.

Optional Cargo will be landed here in Hongkong unless notice to the contrary be given before Noon To-DAY, the 2nd Inst.

No Claims will be admitted after the Goods have left the Godowns, and all Goods remaining after the 9th Instant will be subject to rent.

All broken, chafed, and damaged Goods are to be left in the Godowns, where they will be examined on the 10th Inst., at 4 p.m.

All Claims must reach us before the 16th Instant, or they will not be recognised.

No Fire Insurance has been effected.

Bills of Lading will be counter-signed by

MELCHERS & Co., Agents.

Hongkong, November 3, 1887. 2141

## Entertainment.

THEATRE ROYAL,  
CITY HALL.  
HONGKONG AMATEUR DRAMATIC  
CLUB.

THE FIRST PERFORMANCE  
OF THE SEASIDE,  
will take place  
ON

TUESDAY EVENING,  
the 6th November, at 9 p.m., at  
the CITY HALL.

When will be produced a COMEDY  
BY  
J. W. BROWNTON,  
entitled:

'WITHERED LEAVES'

AND  
A COMIC DRAMA IN TWO ACTS, ENTITLED

'THE FIRST NIGHT.'

Tickets may be obtained from MESSRS.  
LANE, CRAWFORD & Co., on and after  
Tuesday, 1st November, at 9 a.m.

H. M. THOMSETT,  
Hon. Secretary.

Hongkong, October 26, 1887. 2162

## To-day's Advertisements.

HERE HEINRICH KOHLER  
having been asked to give another  
Recital before his departure for the North,  
and not being able to sail before Sunday,  
begs to announce that he will give his  
LAST RECITAL  
ON

SATURDAY,  
6th November, at 9 p.m., at the  
CITY HALL.

THE PROGRAMME WILL INCLUDE:

Spinning Song from the  
'Flying Dutchman'... R. WAGNER  
Final Act from the 'Ringgold'... Bridal Song from 'Lohengrin'... Lohengrin... March from 'Tannhauser'... BEETHOVEN.

Caprice... HÜBNER.  
Barcarolla... HAYDN.  
Fantasie-Improvisation... CHOPIN.  
Nocturne... POLONIA.

Hungarian Rhapsody No. 2—Lied, etc.

The same Bechstein Instrument will again  
be used.

Tickets may be obtained from MESSRS.  
KELLY & WALSH, LTD., MESSRS. KREUZ &  
Co., and MESSRS. LANE, CRAWFORD & Co.

Hongkong, November 3, 1887. 2162

PASSENGERS  
ARRIVED.

For Phra Chula Chom Kiao; from Bang-  
kok, 68 Chinese.  
For Chi-que, from Nanchang, 3 Chinese.  
For Chedra, from Saigon, 169 Chinese.  
For I, hien, from Hambur, Mr. Egy-  
thop, for Yokohama; and 131 Chinese,  
from Singapore for Hongkong.

## DEPARTED.

For Jason, for Amoy, 1 European, and  
180 Chinese.  
For Thales, for Amoy, Dr. and Mrs. P.  
Anderson, and Mr. Mohr.  
For Matsu, for Shanghai; from Hong-  
kong, Mr. J. Baird, from London, Mr. and  
Mrs. Elliot, and 2 infants; Mr. and Mrs.  
Tomalo, Mr. and Mrs. Radford and child,  
Mr. Holst, Mr. and Mrs. Forster, 3 chil-  
dren, infant, nurse, and servant; from  
Brindisi, Mr. A. V. Cox, the Australian  
Colonies, Aden, Natal, and the Cape,  
Egypt, Malta, and Gibraltar.

The usual hours will be observed in closing  
the Mails, &c.

## POST OFFICE NOTICES.

## MAILS BY THE BRITISH PACKET.

The British Contract Packet 'Koroma'  
will be despatched on TUESDAY the  
8th Nov., with Mails for the United  
Kingdom, Europe, and places beyond,  
viz. Brindisi, to the Straits Settlements,  
Netherlands Indies, Burma, Ceylon,  
India, Aden, Egypt, Malta, and  
Gibraltar.

The usual hours will be observed in closing  
the Mails, &c.

## MAILS BY THE FRENCH PACKET.

The French Contract Packet 'Ircouadden'  
will be despatched on TUESDAY the  
15th Instant, with Mails to the  
United Kingdom, Europe, and places  
beyond, viz. Marseilles, to Saigon, Straits  
Settlements, Malaya, Burma, Ceylon,  
India, (via Madras), the Australian  
Colonies, Aden, Natal, and the Cape,  
Egypt, Malta, and Gibraltar.

The usual hours will be observed in closing  
the Mails, &c.

## MEMOS FOR TO-MORROW.

## Shipping.

Glamorganshire leaves for London.

Auctions.

Neon—Auction of Government Steam  
Launch Sunday.

Tenders Close.

Noon—Tenders for Government Bills  
received by the Chief Paymaster.

Miscellaneous.

Goods per Steamer 'Ozus' unclaimed after  
Noon subject to rent.

(Subject to the 'China Mail').

(Via Southern Line.)

THE PARIS SCANDALS.

LONDON, 31st October, 1887.

M. Wilson, the relative of M. Grey,

implicated in the recent Scandals, having

instituted upon an inquiry, this has been

granted, and he has received £1,000 for

making private communications.

DIPLOMATICO.

Lord Lyons has been created an Earl.

IRELAND.

LONDON, 1st November, 1887.

Mr. O'Brien's sentence has been confirmed.

Mr. Hayden has been sentenced to

hard labour for two months for inciting to

a breach of the peace. Mr. Cox has been

summoned for attending a sedition. Most

of the trials are adjourned.

(We presume that this telegram refers to

Mr. Luke Patrick Hayden, Nationalist  
member for South Leitrim, and to Mr.

Joseph Richard Cox, Nationalist member  
for East Clare, both of whom were return-  
ed unopposed at last election.—*Id. O. M.*)

(From Le Saigonais).

FRENCH NEWS.

PARIS, 20th October.

The name of General Caffarli has been

struck off the army list.

The news of the death of M. Philippin,

Governor of Cochinchina, has caused a

profound emotion in France.

Vice-Admiral Jaugeyberry, formerly

Minister of Marine, has just died.

THE GOVERNMENT OF INDO-CHINA.

PARIS, 21st October.

The services of Indo-China will include

five divisions—1. Secretariate of the Go-

vernment, 2. Troops, 3. Marine, 4. Justice,

5. Customs. The Governor-General of

Indo-China will prepare the budget, with

the assistance of a Council composed of

the Lieutenant-Governor, the Residents General

and the Chief of the five divisions.

The budget will be approved by decree.

The Minister of Foreign Affairs and the

Minister of Marine and Colonies will ap-

point the Governor-General and the Re-

sidents. The Minister of Foreign Affairs

will also decide as to military operations

and changes in the boundaries. A law will

be necessary in order to authorize loans

not secured by the surplus of receipts of

the budget of Indo-China.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

Passed Suez Canal.

OUTWARD BOUND.—Viceroy H. Haugayer,

Aug. 22; Duodecim Oct. 4; Dord-

aine 7; Toulon 10; Almara-

11; Marseilles 14; Melbourne,

Morombe, Tiarat, Terceira, Fregate,

18; Boulogne, 21; Cypore, Flint-

Marie, Andaman, Cambodia, 26;

Achille, 24; Bonaparte, 25;

Houssaye, Bonaparte, 26; Glen-

bothwell Castle, 27; Bonaparte, 28;

Admiral, 29; Baudouin, 30;

Agamemnon, Pola, 31; Polynesia, Car-

marthas, Oct. 4; Elektra, Glenar-

7; Djemal, 11; Caribbe, 14;

Hellerup, Glenar, Elektra, Titon,

Marie, 18; Glenalvith, Imperator, 21;

Beaufort, Neckar, Yacht, Palamed,

Olympia, 25.

The O. S. S. Co.'s S. S. City of Sydney,

with the AMERICAN MAIL of the 11th

inst., was to leave Yokohama on Tues-

day, the 1st inst., and may be ex-  
pected here on or about the 4th

inst.

The O. S. S. Co.'s steamer 'Prins', from

Liverpool, left Singapore on the 28th

ultimo, and may be expected here on

or about the 4th inst.

The Navarone General Italian Co.'s

steamer 'Rapace' left Singapore for this

port on the 26th ult., and may be

expected to arrive on or about the 4th

inst.

The Indo-China Steam Navigation Co.'s

steamer 'Wingate', from Calcutta, left

Singapore on the 29th ultimo, and

may be expected here on or about the 4th

inst.

The Indo-Chinese Lloyd's S. N. Co.'s

steamer 'Tigris', from Trieste, left

Singapore on the 30th ult., and may be

expected here on or about the 4th

inst.

The E. & A. S. Co.'s steamer 'Gulfis'

left Polda Darwin for this port on the

28th ult., and may be expected here

on or about the 7th inst.

The Glen Line steamer 'Glenagles', from

London, left Singapore for this port to-day

the 3rd inst., and may be

expected here on or about the 10th

Some 250 special constables were sworn in at the Magistracy to-day, to assist the regular guardians of the peace in the maintenance of order during the period of the Jubilee festivities. The 'Jubilee Contingent' consists chiefly of Chinese, augmented by a small body of Indians. Their services have been enlisted for fifteen days from this date.

Mr Stewart-Lockhart, the Hon. Secretary of the Jubilee Committee, writes us to say that as many invitations have to be issued in connection with the forthcoming Jubilee Ball, it is more than probable that some one who ought to be among the invited has not received an invitation. He would therefore feel much obliged if any such oversight is kindly brought to his notice.

THE three men belonging to the Kwung Hop Chung boarding-house, who were brought before Mr Weddhouse the other day, on a charge of unlawfully detaining a farm-labourer in the house, with the view of inducing him to emigrate, were brought up at the Police Court to-day on remand. After hearing further evidence, his Worship dismissed the case.

LEUNG A On, Cheung A Leung and Chan A Yin, were charged before Mr Mitchell-Innes, in the Police Court to-day, with unlawfully detaining Li Ahai, a coolie for the purpose of emigration. After hearing the evidence His Worship ordered the defendants to find security in two sureties of \$50 each to be of good behaviour for twelve months, in default to be committed for six months.

A MAN named Corry Duncan Matheson was brought before Mr Weddhouse, in the Police Court to-day, charged with being drunk and incapable, and also with being a rogue and vagabond. Thomas Moffat, P.C. 80, stated that he found defendant drunk and incapable last night in Queen's Road West. He further stated that defendant had been in the Colony for a long time out of employment, and that he had got a passage to Australia three months ago and some money to assist him when he arrived there, but got so drunk that the Captain of the vessel in which he was to leave refused to take him on board. Matheson, who had been once before in prison for drunkenness, stated last night that he was an unemployed missionary and was going to Mr Ost's house. This morning he explained that he was a draughtsman in the employment of Messrs Bird and Palmer. The case was remanded till Saturday.

It was a gratifying proof of the estimation in which Herr Kohler's ability as an artist is held here, that his recital last night was attended by the largest audience he has yet had in Hongkong. The entertainment, which was under the patronage of Sir William Des Voeux, the Governor, was in one respect more enjoyable than any of its predecessors, inasmuch as Herr Kohler was better equipped in the matter of an instrument than any of the former reciters, a magnificent new 'Concert Grand' by Bechstein having been kindly lent by Messrs Lane, Crawford and Co. for the occasion. With this splendid piano, the artist was able to show all the beauties of his style to the greatest advantage. More particularly was this the case in the production of those broad effects for which a great volume of tone is necessary, as was admirably illustrated in the Finale from Beethoven's Concerto in E flat (No. 6), the brilliant 'Cadenza from Grieg's Piano-Concerto, Niccolò's 'Torunelli' in G sharp-minor, and Liszt's 'Hungarian Rhapsody' (No. 14). Of Herr Kohler's playing we have already spoken in terms of the highest praise; and it is only necessary to say now that yesterday evening he appeared in excellent form; and the audience seemed to be delighted with the performance.

At a meeting of the Associated Chambers of Commerce, Mr Staud (Hockmaw) moved—that the Council of this Association be requested to urge upon the Foreign Secretary, by deputation, to use his influence with the Governments of Turkey, Persia, and Afghanistan with the view of securing the improvement of railway communication in those countries not only with the object of developing their immense resources, but also of providing railway communication between the Mediterranean and India. Mr Staud said if a railway were constructed from Calais to Quatra, via Berlin, Warsaw, Moscow, and Bork, crossing the Caspian by steamer, the journey to India could be accomplished in seven days by travelling at the rate of thirty-five miles an hour. The resolution was withdrawn in favour of an amendment, leaving the question in the hands of the council for consideration.

A NEW DEPARTURE.—A new departure in enterprise is stated to be in contemplation by the Cunard Company. Influenced probably by the gravitation of so much commerce to Germany, which has a formidable shipping company in the North German Lloyd, the Cunard Company are said to be in negotiation for a large site in Bremen roadside, if it is the intention to construct a fine harbour. A lease is to be taken at ninety-nine years. This, says a provincial paper, will be carrying the war of business with a vengeance into a rival's territory, but cargoes in these times must be loaded and unloaded wherever there is opportunity. Some of the Continental steamers on their way across the Atlantic oblige England by calling at Southampton and Plymouth, and maintain connecting steamers with London. There is therefore no reason why England should not oblige the Continent in the same fashion, and we certainly do so at Antwerp and in the Mediterranean.

THE LONDONER'S ESCAPE FOR HIS HAT.—In the new instalment of his 'Huddled Days in Europe', in the 'Atlantic Monthly', Oliver Wendell Holmes says:—In walking the fashionable streets of London one can hardly fail to be struck with the well-dressed and look of gentleman of all ages. The special point in which the Londoner excels all other citizens is in conversing with the hat. I believe in the English hat as the best thing of its kind. And for the Englishman's feelings with reference to it, we well brought out in the 'Prelude and Eude in A flat' and the 'Mazurka in C minor' by Chopin, and also in Weber's 'Polonaise in E major', and Liszt's 'Italian' in F major and 'Mazeppa' in Italian. The 'Hungarian Rhapsody', with which the programme concluded, was a splendid performance and made a fitting finale to an excellent entertainment. It was intended by the distinguished pianist to make this his farewell recital, as he leaves on Sunday for the North; but musical people in Hongkong will be glad to learn that he has been induced to give another concert on Saturday evening, when we understand a highly interesting programme will be submitted. It is intended to be a large concert. The selections will be chiefly from Paganini, Liszt, and the 'Flying Dutchman'.

THE M. M. CO.'s steamer 'Melbourne', with the French Mail of 7th October, is to leave Singapore on Friday (to-morrow), the 4th inst., at 11 a.m., and may be expected here on or about Friday, the 11th instant. This Paquet steamer replies to letters despatched from Hongkong on August 25th.

From Le Soir, we learn that M. Filini, the late Governor of Cochinchina, died very suddenly on Saturday, 22nd October. On the Monday previous he received Prince Davawongse and his suite and was present at a soirée given in their honour; while on the Thursday he attended a representative conference with foreign Powers for the revision of the International Treaties until the completion of the new code, to which the sanction is desired previously. The effect, the correspondent says, will be merely to postpone the conclusion of the work of revising the International Treaties—a work which in its main features is already agreed upon between Japan on the one side and England and Germany on the other.

PROBABLE VISIT OF THE QUEEN TO CANADA.—It is believed in Ottawa that the Canadian Premier, during his approaching visit to England, will endeavour to arrange for a visit by the Queen to the Dominion. If such a thing is feasible, it would be almost as gratifying to the people of this country as gratifying to the people of Canada. It would be the first instance on record of any British, or indeed European, Sovereign having visited by the Queen to the Dominion. If such a visit is unbounded, and has been exhibited on every occasion that a member of her family (including her father, the late Duke of Kent) has visited British North America. The Prince of Wales and the Duke of Edinburgh have been in Canada, and the Duke of Connaught and Princess Louise have resided there for a term of years; and it is well known that both the people and the country stand in high favour with the last two. In the event of the Queen entertaining the idea, it could hardly be expected that she would make an extensive royal progress in the country; but a sojourn at Banff Hot Springs, in the Rocky Mountain Park, might prove an enjoyable change from Canadas or elsewhere on the Continent.

M. ZOLA AND THE CENSOR.—Here is a good instance of the shabbiness of officials. M. Zola's last novel caused the official world to buzz itself. As censor of public morals in France, the parquet felt it his duty to read the daily instalment of 'La Terre' as it was published. One fine morning he discovered that M. Zola was going beyond the official standard of morals, and set about putting official machinery in motion to stop the progress of 'La Terre'. He submitted the question to his superior, the Minister of Justice. This mighty functionary, however, would not take upon himself the responsibility of suppressing Zola. A Ministerial Committee was called, and, no doubt, all the fellas up to date were read over to them. At any rate, they heard enough to enable them to confirm the parquet's discovery, and they resolved that 'La Terre' should be at once suppressed. This resolution then began slowly to penetrate through the various strata of officialdom—in order to put into practical shape. But while these deliberations were going on, 'La Terre' had been pursuing its daily course in the old 'Boulevard' and before legal proceedings could be taken against it had come to an end. The absurdity of suppressing the novel after it was once published was apparent even to the official mind. 'La Terre' was saved, and red tape gained another victory. *—Daily Mail and Gazette.*

At a meeting of the Associated Chambers of Commerce, Mr Staud (Hockmaw) moved—that the Council of this Association be requested to urge upon the Foreign Secretary, by deputation, to use his influence with the Governments of Turkey, Persia, and Afghanistan with the view of securing the improvement of railway communication in those countries not only with the object of developing their immense resources, but also of providing railway communication between the Mediterranean and India. Mr Staud said if a railway were constructed from Calais to Quatra, via Berlin, Warsaw, Moscow, and Bork, crossing the Caspian by steamer, the journey to India could be accomplished in seven days by travelling at the rate of thirty-five miles an hour. The resolution was withdrawn in favour of an amendment, leaving the question in the hands of the council for consideration.

A CASTLE FULL OF KINGS.—The King of Denmark ought to be a proud man, for according to an account we publish this morning he has half the Almanach de Gotha for his guests. He is entertaining at one of his castles in Zealand the Prince and Princess of Wales, with the Russian Imperial Family and the Royal Family of Greece, neither of them to be counted under two figures. A Czar and Czarina, two Kings and their consorts, with several Hairs-Apparent, not to speak of their suite, might tax the resources of any palace in Christendom, and the Palace at Esrom is a comparatively small building. The accommodation of all these guests is a task for the packer's art; but their good humour alone renders it a possible achievement. They are said to enjoy their over-crowding and in much the same way, no doubt, as Marie Antoinette enjoyed her experience as a milkmaid. To have to

use the large hall as a dining-room must to these persons of unlimited elbow room springing of the excitement of cheap lodgings at the seaside. The Czar appears to be especially delighted, in so far as that can ever be justly applied to his state of mind. His life is, however, not without some associations that recall the endearing thoughts of home. The Castle is surrounded by Russian and Danish police in several circles, and no one can approach the place without their leave. His brother monarchs can judge the establishment more on its merits than feel strongly tempted to go into it on their return home. *—Daily News.*

SUPERSTITION IN RUSSIA.—A notable illustration of the mental condition of the Russian rural population is furnished by the 'Novo Vremya' in connection with the recent total eclipse. When Professor Mendelev was descending in his military balloon near Moscow several peasants ran out of the village of Olerkow with guns to shoot at the sun, as they described it, 'the evil beast that had darkened the face of the sun.' They were evidently unable to see that there was any human being in the cast of the balloon, and, luckily for the professor, the balloon passed them, and finally came down some considerable distance off. Here four men, including two merchants, were locked up for showing a violent inclination to tear the balloon to pieces. The local policeman, who tried to reason with them, was pulled from his horse and dragged along the ground. An astronomer who was stationed at one of the observation points on the Volga writes that the terror caused among the common people by the eclipse was very great. There was a general fear among them that the world was coming to an end. The idea was strengthened by the curious coincidence that on the previous Sunday the part of the Gospel appointed to be read in the churches happened to be in the twenty-fourth chapter of Matthew, in which occurs the prediction that the sun shall be darkened and the stars shall fall from the heavens. The force of this passage was further intensified among the peasants by a remarkable fall of arches within ten days after the eclipse in several places in the province of Poma. One piece of meteorology is reported to weigh about a quarter of a ton and to have caused a crash in the neighbourhood of its fall like that of an earthquake.

THE LONDONER'S ESCAPE FOR HIS HAT.—In the new instalment of his 'Huddled Days in Europe', in the 'Atlantic Monthly', Oliver Wendell Holmes says:—In walking the fashionable streets of London one can hardly fail to be struck with the well-dressed and look of gentleman of all ages. The special point in which the Londoner excels all other citizens is in conversing with the hat. I believe in the English hat as the best thing of its kind. And for the Englishman's feelings with reference to it, we well brought out in the 'Prelude and Eude in A flat' and the 'Mazurka in C minor' by Chopin, and also in Weber's 'Polonaise in E major', and Liszt's 'Italian' in F major and 'Mazeppa' in Italian. The 'Hungarian Rhapsody', with which the programme concluded, was a splendid performance and made a fitting finale to an excellent entertainment. It was intended by the distinguished pianist to make this his farewell recital, as he leaves on Sunday for the North; but musical people in Hongkong will be glad to learn that he has been induced to give another concert on Saturday evening, when we understand a highly interesting programme will be submitted. It is intended to be a large concert. The selections will be chiefly from Paganini, Liszt, and the 'Flying Dutchman'.

THE KREIS ZEITUNG learns that the Sultan of Zanzibar has ceded to England and Germany under certain conditions all the coast strip which was secured to him by the London agreement of Nov. 1, 1885, which defined the respective spheres of interest of these two European States in East Africa. A British East African Company, represented by the firm of Mackenzie, in Zanzibar, having prevailed upon the Sultan to surrender it to it for an annual tribute all the northern portion of the mainland coast corresponding to the English sphere of interest and extending from 4 deg. 30 min. to 2 deg. 35 min. S., the German company resolved to imitate its example, which it did with success, though as yet it is uncertain in what form, and whether the Sultan has retained his sovereign rights under the agreement.

A GERMAN lawyer, who is a member of the Commission appointed to draw up the new Japanese code of law, informs the Berlin correspondent of the Standard that the task will occupy a much longer time, by perhaps two or three years, than was at first expected. The Japanese Government has accordingly resolved to postpone the projected Conference with foreign Powers for the revision of the International Treaties until the completion of the new code, to which the sanction is desired previously. The effect, the correspondent says, will be merely to postpone the conclusion of the work of revising the International Treaties—a work which in its main features is already agreed upon between Japan on the one side and England and Germany on the other.

WIND TURNED INTO ELECTRICITY.—Wind is very ancient invention, but are not of much practical value in a country where fuel is cheap, from the extreme irregularity of the wind upon which they depend. It is hoped that a remedy for this defect has been found by the Due de Feltre in the transformation of the surplus energy of windy weather by using it to drive a dynamo, thus converting it into electricity, with which he charges batteries of storage cells. These in turn can be utilised to drive the machinery in time of calm. Any such plan is of course attended by a very large waste of power, but when the original quantity is so enormous as it is in a gale of wind, waste is of very little moment. Before the world is many generations older more attention will have to be given to the question of yoking the great forces of nature to our machinery, and utilising the enormous energy of the winds, waves, and tides, not to mention water power and the direct radiation from the sun. Our stores of available coal will doubtless last for many a long day to come, but we ought not to forget that we are a race of spendthrifts, living on our capital, and that we must not miss any opportunity of economising the limited resources of our estate.

THE NEW LORD MAYOR OF LONDON.—Considerable interest attaches to the Daily Telegraph's account of the election of Alderman Dr Keyser as the new Lord Mayor of London. He is the first Roman Catholic Lord Mayor that has sat in the civic chair since the Reformation. It is somewhat strange that this should be so, as, since the complete abolition of the Test Act, nearly half a century ago, the chief magistrate of London has been filled by gentlemen of all manner of religious persuasions. Looking back over the past fifty years, we find that besides members of the Established Church, the court at Guildhall has been presided over by Presbyterians, Unitarians, Quakers, &c., in short, of every recognised form of dissent—and by Jews; but, though the question of religion never arises in the election of a Lord Mayor, as a matter of fact no Roman Catholic has held the important position accorded to the chief citizen. There are three State religious ceremonies at the tombs of his illustrious ancestors. Some ridiculous rumours are in circulation respecting M. Keyser's return, but they are merely the result of the ill-will which the Conservatives bear towards those who choose rather to act in the interests of their own country, than that of the world's Suzerain State.

THE WORK OF EMIN PASHA.—An interesting letter has been received from Dr Pakti from Emin Pasha. It is dated Weddhouse, April 17, and in the course of it Emin Pasha says:—

The work that Gordon paid for with his blood I will strive to carry on, if not with his energy and genius, still according to his intentions and in his spirit. When my lamented chief placed the government of this country in my hands he wrote me, 'I appoint you for civilisation and progress.' I have done my best to justify the trust he had in me, and that I have to some extent been successful and have won the confidence of the natives is proved by the fact that I and my handful of people have held our own up to the present day in the midst of hundreds and thousands of natives. I remain here, the last and only representative of Gordon's staff. It is therefore, falls to me, and in my bounden duty, to follow upon the road he showed me. Sooner or later a bright future must arise for these countries—sooner or later these people will drop into the circle of the ever-advancing civilised world. For twelve long years I have striven, and toiled, and sown the seeds for future harvest—laid the foundation stone for future buildings. Shall I now give up the work because a way may soon open to the coast? Never.

If England really wishes to help us she must try in the first place to conclude some treaty with Uganda and Unyoro, by which the condition of those countries may be improved both morally and politically. A safe road to the coast must be opened up, and one which shall not be at the mercy of the maddened tribes of the interior. Russia may aid and abet Dhuili Singh in his intrigues; and mischief of a kind may result therefrom, but that it will take the form which the writers in the Moscow Press would be delighted to see is as improbable as that the vapourings of Shaitan Dimalai-Din will convince the Afghans that the protection of the Czar is the only means of preserving the independence of their country. *—Pioneer.*

A TAX UPON DOGS.—The Penang Gazette says:—That a tax upon dogs is not only desirable, but also absolutely necessary, has been still further shown by the recent painful incident at Hongkong. It appears that a week or two ago a number of children were playing in a public thoroughfare, when several of them were very severely bitten by an unbroken rabid dog. One little girl was

so seriously a nature that the children were at once conveyed to hospital where the wounds were cauterised. Besides the injuries enumerated, the rabies bit almost every dog that chance to come in its way, so that, though the original cause of the mischief was eventually destroyed, the danger cannot be considered at an end, as it is an incurable fatal disease that can be avoided only by the use of a serum.

At present, therefore, we occupy the whole of my former stations in Makraka, Radjaf, Bedan, Kiri, Muggi, Laberi C' or Aju, Dufile, Fatiko, Fadike, Wadale, Sango, and Mahagi, nearly all the stations which were originally intrusted to me by General Gordon, and I intend and expect to keep them all. I should like again to mention that if a relief expedition comes to us I will offer against rabies, as far as I can, to help us to repel it. We have passed through troublous times together, and I should consider it a shameful act if we were to let the disease spread among us. My people are, notwithstanding all their hardships, brave and good—with the exception of the Egyptians. We have known each other many years, and I do not think it would be easy for a stranger to take up my work and to win at once the confidence of the people. It is, therefore, out of the question for me to leave, so I shall remain. All we want is England to do is to bring about a better understanding with Uganda, and to provide us with a free and safe way to the coast. This is all we want. Execute our territory! Certainly not.

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This is an interesting example of making a virtue of necessity! reminding one of the fable about the fox and the grapes! Our correspondent continues:—It is therefore evident that the German correspondent of the 'tag' which glorifies in the title of 'Sah-Pao' (who lately wrote such bush about the generosity of China towards Korea) is a Chinese partisan capable of prostituting his sins forth that as Korea is a poverty-stricken land he deems it expedient that his ministers should no longer cause the King of Korea to forward annual tribute to China; and, with a view to causing a cessation of the political difficulties arising out of China's claim to Szechuan rights over the Peninsula, Kingdom, declares Korea an independent state and prohibits the receipt of any further tribute from Korea.

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THE LONDONER'S ESCAPE FOR HIS HAT.—In the new instalment of his 'Huddled Days in Europe', in the 'Atlantic Monthly', Oliver Wendell Holmes says:—In walking the fashionable streets of London one can hardly fail to be struck with the well-dressed and look of gentleman of all ages. The special point in which the Londoner excels all other citizens is in conversing with the hat. I believe in the English hat as the best thing of its kind. And for the Englishman's feelings with reference to it, we well brought out in the 'Prelude and Eude in A flat' and the 'Mazurka in C minor' by Chopin, and also in Weber's 'Polonaise in E major', and Liszt's 'Italian' in F major and 'Mazeppa' in Italian. The 'Hungarian Rhapsody', with which the programme concluded, was a splendid performance and made a fitting finale to an excellent entertainment.

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## SUPREME COURT

IN ORIGINAL JURISDICTION.—  
(Before His Honor Mr Justice Russell, acting  
Chief Justice.)

Thursday, Nov. 3.

LI KAM SIE AND OTHERS v. CHAN TSZE  
HINO AND OTHERS.

This was an ex parte motion in which Mr J. Francis, Q.C., instructed by Mr Caldwell, appeared for the plaintiffs.

Mr Francis said the application was for a re-levier and injunction, and was made under the provisions of Section 18 of the Code. The suit was instituted on the 1st November; the plaintiffs, who were five in number, and the defendants, who were also five in number, were formerly carrying on business in partnership as fruiterers. The partnership was dissolved by the action of the defendants on the 27th last month, and they published an advertisement in the Chinese papers stating that they had taken possession of the place, would carry on the business in their own name and would receive all monies due to the partnership. The facts were set forth in an affidavit which had remained independent, would have borne arms.

The eagerness with which the Sikhs take service in the police in China, the Straits, and lately in Burns, shows how much material is still available; but in every

place the Sikhs take service was a sign that their spirit had not been broken, and the splendid work they did during the Mutiny was yet another proof of this. Since those days the Native Army has received yearly a large number of Sikh recruits into its ranks, but these represent only a small fraction of the men who, if the Punjab had remained independent, would have borne arms. The eagerness with which the Sikhs take service in the police in China, the Straits, and lately in Burns, shows how much material is still available; but in every

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E. L. WOODIN,  
Acting Superintendent.P. & O. S. N. Co.'s Office,  
Hongkong, October 26, 1887. 2087G. D. HARMAN,  
Agent.

Hongkong, November 1, 1887. 2136

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Agent.

Hongkong, November 1, 1887. 2040

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